The Grub-ſtreet Journal. NUMB. 331.

THURSDAY, *APRIL* 29, 1736.

——— ——— *Ne carpſeris unquam,*
Exemplô ſimili ne te derideat alter.

CATO.

To the Authors of the Grub-ſtreet Journal.

Gentlemen,

IN yours of the 18th of March laſt, you tell us, *That it ſeems to be generally allowed, that* RAPIN *has written the moſt compleat Hiſtory of England:* but yet you proceed to point out what you are pleaſed to call *his miſtakes*, in the matters after mentioned, which I took notice of, as particularly regarding *the antiquity of the Scotiſh nation.*

And tho' I be no wiſe inclined to aim at a total vindication of all RAPIN's Hiſtory, yet to prove that he is eſſentially right in the ſaid *particulars*, and that your *Critical Remarks* upon them are very groundleſs and unwarrantable, will, I hope, be no inſuperable task.

The Remarks I mean, and to which for the reaſons after ſet forth, I am well intituled to take exceptions are theſe following, to wit,

1. In the year 379, the Scots, with the aſſiſtance of the Iriſh (ſaith RAPIN) but ſay you, *The Scots of this age were all natives of what we now call Ireland. There is not one who lived a thouſand years after Chriſt, that mentions the name of Scotland, and means any other than Ireland by it.* And for this you cite *Britannicarum Eccleſiarum Antiquitates*, cap. xvi. p. 383.

2. In 403, the Scots (ſaith RAPIN) re-enter the Iſland under the conduct of FERGUS: but ſay you, FERGUS *ſettled the firſt colony of Scots in Britain about the year* 500. Yet truely (Gentlemen) theſe Remarks ſeem to have been made in emulation of RAPIN, and to ſhew your extraordinary skill in Criticiſm, rather than for any good cauſe, or real neceſſity that is to be found for them.

And tho' I do ſuppoſe, that, *at firſt view*, many of your readers will hardly think, that the foregoing Remarks deſerved ſuch a ſerious Anſwer as I am about to make to them; yet, when they ſhall be fully apprized of the apparent conſequences of thoſe Remarks, and of the importance of the queſtion thence ariſing, it may not be thought amiſs to ſubmit to the publick a candid refutation of them.

For as every one has a natural inclination, as well as a natural right to maintain the honour of his country, ſo to make a candid defence *againſt the unneceſſary invaſion of its antiquity*, is by no means unworthy of any of its natives.

But if what is affirmed in your ſecond Remark be true, to wit, *That* FERGUS (by whom I muſt underſtand FERGUS the ſecond) *ſettled the firſt colony of the Scots in Britain about the year* 500. This muſt at once ſink no leſs than eight hundred years of the Scotiſh antiquity, and alſo cut off all the kings of *Scotland* from *that* FERGUS who was the firſt king of Scots, to FERGUS the ſecond, who was their *fourtieth king!* and thus (Gentlemen) by deſtroying the *antiquity*, you have greatly injured the *monarchical dignity of the Scotiſh nation.*

For when you tell us, *That the firſt Colony of the Scots was only ſettled in Britain about the year* 500. You do, by the ſame breath, ſweep off *fourty ſovereign, independant kings of Scotland!* A terrible piece of *leſe majeſty!* And ſince you ſeem, as it were, to bury thoſe princes alive, (for they may be yet ſaid to live in a hiſtorical ſenſe, becauſe the greatneſs of their actions has made their memory immortal!) I am therefore reſolved to oppoſe the malignity of that deſign; and if I be not able to ſave them unburied, I ſhall at leaſt generouſly endeavour to ſee them decently interred.

Antiquity gives riſe to precedency, and precedency is one of the *favourite Jewels* of every ſovereign prince; why then would you ſtrip the *united Crown* of that luſtre which it receives from the antiquity of the *Scotiſh Diadem.* The deſtruction of the *Scotiſh antiquity* can add nothing to *that* of the *Engliſh*, no more than the extinction of a light at one end of a room, can be thought to add to the illuminations at the other end of it: and therefore by deſtroying the Scotiſh antiquity, you ſeem to derogate from the glory of the *Britiſh nation*, juſt as one would diminiſh the value of a Crown, if he unneceſſarily ſtript it of the rareſt of it jewels.

And ſince RAPIN, who was a mere ſtranger, does (*in ſome places*) juſtice to the Scotiſh antiquity, it therefore ſeems very unkind in *your Brito-Grubeans*, to carp at him for it, and in your Remarks upon his Hiſtory, to deny to the Scots the honour of *that antiquity*, which is ſo juſtly claimed by them, allowed by him, and is ſo eaſy, as well as ſo expedient, to be admitted by you.

The main deſign then in anſwering your Remarks, is to vindicate the *Antiquity*, the *Honour*, the *Dignity*, as well as the *Precedency of the Scotiſh nation*, and thereby to prevent an eclipſe of one of the moſt ſplendid jewels in the *Britiſh Diadem.* A deſign no wiſe diſcommendable, provided only that it be well executed; but in order to be the more ſucceſsful in that particular, I would gladly have it conſidered by the publick, that you are the agreſſor, and that conſequently my Anſwer is intituled to all the favour, as well as to all the privileges of *Self-defence*, and under that favour I proceed directly to conſider your Remarks:

And for that end it is fit to notice, that the firſt part of the firſt of them, to wit, *The Scots of this age* (379) *were all natives of what we now call Ireland*, is ſupported by no manner of authority, and until ſome citation for that particular purpoſe be offered, I need only deny the fact; which, by the way, is ſo far from being true, that I hope to ſhew before I have done, that the Scots were ſettled in this Iſland upwards of ſeven hundred years before that time; and beſides it's a great queſtion, whether the firſt of their Colonies ever was in *Ireland*; and whoever reads the 3d Argument uſed by Sir GEORGE MACKENZIE (who was a very great Critick and Antiquary, as well as an eminent Lawyer) in his *Jus regium* will find a very probable *ratio dubitandi*; for *tho'* the *Scots* and *Iriſh* might been originally of *Spaniſh extraction* (according to CORNELIUS TACITUS in the life of AGRICOLA) yet, upon their coming from Portugal, one Colony of that race tranſported itſelf to *Ireland*, and the other into *Scotland*; ſo that *tho'* the *Scotiſh Colony* was afterwards often ſupplied from *Ireland*, yet theſe of that Colony were ſo far from being natives of *Ireland*, that they ſeemed never to have touched *Iriſh ground:* but as I found no argument upon this, ſo I would not be underſtood to diſreſpect the *Iriſh nation*; but yet, if the Scots came originally from *Ireland*, it is moſt certain, that they ſeparated very early, and left that country very ſoon, as doth ſufficiently appear from the *Genius*, *Humour*, and *different turn of Mind*, obſervable in them.

If it be ſaid, *That the firſt part of your Remark is grafted upon the later part of it, and that conſequently both parts are equally well ſupported by your citation.*

To this I reply, 1ſt, That that Anſwer is very inſufficient, becauſe the Scots were ſettled in the northern part of this kingdom, whilſt it was called *Caledon*, as ſhall be hereafter mentioned: and indeed it is as unwarrantable to imagine, that the Scots were never ſettled in this Iſland, untill their part of it was called *Scotland*; as it would be ridiculous to affirm, that the preſent *Britiſh nation* never inhabited this Iſland, until the *Union Treaty*, by which (without the leaſt change of the natives) the names of *Scotland* and *England* were both ſunk into that of *Great Britain.* 2dly, Your citation doth neither ſupport the *later*, nor yet the *foregoing part* of your Remark, but very plainly deſtroyeth them both; for the *Biſhop* of *Armaugh*, who was author of the book cited, doth in the very chapter you cite, make mention of HEGESIPPUS, who (vid. cap. 27. l. 4. EUSEB. Eccl. Hiſt.) lived *anno Chriſti* 160, and who (as that learned Prelate ſaith) introduceth JOSEPHUS as mentioning *Scotia* or *Scotland* in a ſpeech of hiſn (during the ſiege of *Jeruſalem*) and diſſwading the Jews from making war againſt the Romans; *why?* becauſe among other reaſons (ſaith JOSEPHUS, or HEGESIPPUS for him) *Scotland* (*Scotia que terris nihil debet*) *which owed nothing to the world*, was afraid of them.

It's true that your Author objects and ſays, that *Scotia que terris nihil debet*, means *Scotland which is an Iſland!* and therefore (ſaith he) HEGESIPPUS muſt have meant *Ireland* and not *Scotland!* But let me tell you, Gentlemen, that man, much leſs learned than *that Archbiſhop* was, may plainly ſee, that as the very tenor of the words ſtrongly oppoſe his Lordſhip's too ingenious interpretation of them, ſo upon the other hand the *Iriſh* had no occaſion to be afraid, for the Romans never invaded *Ireland*; and therefore the plain ſenſe of the words appears to be, *Scotland which is independant of the whole earth*, as not owing homage to any nation, *was afraid of them.* And indeed JOSEPHUS may ſeem to have been proper enough in this argument, when its conſidered, that as *Scotland* (and not *Ireland*) had afterwards the misfortune to be invaded by the Romans, ſo the Scots (and not the Iriſh) had actually the happineſs to check the *Roman arms*, and to ſet bounds to their conqueſts, as well as to the *Roman eloquence*, according to that of JOSEPH SCALIGER, an Italian (whom CAMDEN calls an admirable ſcholar. cap. xxiv. *old edit.*)

Imperii fuerat Romani Scotia limes,
Romani eloquii, Scotia finis erit. SCALIG.

And conſequently, if the words are taken in the plaineſt acceptation, and according to the meaning of the *ſpeaker*, they can never afford any ſolid objection as to HEGESIPPUS's teſtimony *in favours of the Scots.*

Add to this, Gentlemen, that BENGORION is alſo mentioned in your citation, he is cited by HEGESIPPUS, and conſequently wrote before him; he mentions *all Scotland* (*omnem Scoti*) and therefore your Biſhop objects to him! But why? Becauſe truely he deſcribes the Scots (of that generation) *as a huge people, a gigantick race of men, tall of ſtature, ſtrong, active and skilfull in the art of war*; and therefore the Biſhop repudiates his teſtimony, by calling him *a loquacious vain fellow* (*majore cum loquacitate pariter et vanitate*, are his Lordſhip's words.) But (with great ſubmiſſion to that right reverend Divine) this is no good objection againſt BENGORION; for tho' he had been never ſo vain and loquacious, yet his teſtimony might be true; and it's not eaſy to find out how his vanity could be gratified by this deſcription of the Scots, he being no Scot himſelf; and what the Biſhop calls *loquacity*, ſeems to be nothing alſe but a piece of *natural and inaffected eloquence*; and there, as a picture well drawn, needs not the name of the perſon whom it repreſents to be underwritten; ſo the Scots, tho' they had not been named, might poſſibly have been known from BENGORION's deſcription of them; and therefore that deſcription is ſo far from derogating from his teſtimony, that it adds to the weight of it, as being adapted to the Scots in ſuch a particular manner, as clearly ſhews whom he meant. And therefore it is moſt plain and clear, that inſtead of bringing a citation to prove your Remark, you have adduced one to deſtroy it; inſtead of ſubverting RAPIN, you have brought two as diſintereſted as ancient Authors (HEGESIPPUS and BENGORION) to ſupport him.

But to ſhew that there was no need of your help for deſtroying your own Hypotheſis, it may not be amiſs (inſtead of all other citations *touching that point*) to mention *the famous alliance between* CHARLES *the great of France, and* ACHAIUS *king of Scotland*, entered into about the year 792. Upon which occaſion the *later* ſent to the *former* a ſubſidy of 4000 Scots, and the learned men then alſo ſent by ACHAIUS, founded the now more learned *Scots College* at Paris, which has ever ſubſiſted ſince that very time; and in conſequence of that alliance, many privileges were allowed to the Scotiſh nation; and it is well known to thoſe who are verſant in Heraldry, that the *Double Treſſure* in the Scotiſh arms, was the badge of that alliance: now ÆQUINARDUS (*alias* ÆQUINARD) who was ſecretary to CHARLE MAIGNE, and wrote the Hiſtory of thoſe times, doth (lib. 5. p. 80.) make very honourable mention of the kings of *Scotland*; and under the abovementioned circumſtances no ſober man can imagine, *that* ÆQUINARDUS *by Scotland meant Ireland*; thus, then it is moſt certain and plain, that BENGORION, HEGESIPPUS, and ÆQUINARDUS, do all, and very much within one thouſand years after Chriſt, make expreſs mention of *Scotland*, without meaning *Ireland* by it; and therefore, *at the mouth of two or three witneſſes*, you'll pleaſe to let that point ſtand eſtabliſhed.

Having thus diſpatched your *firſt*, I next proceed to examine your *ſecond Remark.* FERGUS *ſettled the firſt Colony of Scots in Britain about the year* 500.

But for this you have not cited any Author, your own *ipſi dixerunt* is all that's to be encountered. But (Gentlemen) tho' I may poſſibly have as good opinion of the learning of the *Grub-ſtreet Society* as any perſon ought to have, yet from the principles of right reaſon its clear, that you ought not to contradict RAPIN, without ſome very good authority, ſince you admit, that it is generally allowed, *that he has written the moſt compleat Hiſtory of England.*

And upon the other hand, there is great reaſon to believe, that it is not in your power to cite any Author before LUDDUS, who wrote in ſupport of your Remark;

whereas all the later Authors, as CAMDEN, USHER, &c. are, *with regard to the preſent Queſtion*, only to be coſidered as Commentators upon LUDDUS, and therefore what deſtroys his *Doctrine*, is likewiſe a full Anſwer as to theirs. This ſingular Author (LUDDUS, *alias* LUID, *or* LUD) wrote in the year 1572, and was the firſt who ſtarted any doubts or queſtions touching the veracity and warrants of FORDON's *Hiſtory of Scotland*, which appears to have been written about 231 years before LUDDUS's *time*; and as this Hiſtory had been carefully drawn up from old Chronicles and ancient Records which were kept in *Icolm Kiln*, and other Scotiſh Monaſteries, under the ſeals of their kings, and the tuition of their chief prieſts, in thoſe ages when churchmen were truely devout (which induced BALEUS, a famous Engliſh Chronologiſt, to affirm, *that the Scots wrote ex incorruptâ annalium fide.*) So the ſaid LUDLUS was ſo handſomely refuted, and ſo ſeverely chaſtiſed by BUCHANAN for *his miſdemeanour*, in having vainly attacked that *well warranted Hiſtory*, notwithſtanding it had been read with pleaſure, and cited with honour for upwards of two hundred years before his time, that really it woul'd been unneceſſary, as well as uncharitable in you, not to have permitted both LUDDUS and his followers *to reſt in peace.*

It being thus clear, that your Remark neither *is*, nor could be ſufficiently ſupported by any *good Authority*, ſo it may be totally and eaſily deſtroyed without any better help than that of your own CAMDEN, *who, by the way, ſeems to have been little better than a mere Infidel with reſpect to the Antiquity of Scotland.* However, even CAMDEN (in his Introduction cap. liii.) acknowledgeth, that the Scots were ſettled in Britain *before the introduction of the Saxons, and that the Saxons were invited over from Germany to fight againſt the Scots.* And it being plain from BEDE (who was himſelf a Saxon, and conſequently no violent friend to the Scots, tho' too learned to be an adverſary to their Antiquity) *in his Chronologiâ Saxonica*, as well as from his Hiſtory, cap. 15. *That the Saxons came over into Britain in the year* 449. It is therefore to demonſtration clear, that *the firſt Colony of the Scots* muſt been ſettled in this Iſland at leaſt before the *ſaid year* 449; and therefore your aſſertion, *that they were only ſettled in Britain about the year* 500, is very groundleſs and unwarrantable. And beſides, the *venerable* BEDE, in his chapter *de priſcis Incolis*, reckons *the Scots among the oldeſt inhabitants of this Iſland*; and that being ſo, nothing can be more ridiculous, than to alledge, *that their firſt Settlement was only about the year* 500, ſince that would make them the lateſt of all others.

[*To be continued.*]

DOMESTIC NEWS.

P. *Daily Poſt-Boy.*
D?. *Daily Poſt.*
DJ. *Daily Journal.*
DA. *Daily Advertiſer.*
LP. *London Daily Poſt.*
G. *Daily Gazetteer.*
SJ. *St. James's Evening Poſt.*
LE. *London Evening Poſt.*

THURSDAY, *Apr.* 22. A library is building for her Majeſty, in the Stable yard St. James's, the front of which looks into the Green park. *DA.*

We hear that the right hon. the Lord Mountague Bertie is appointed Vice-chamberlain to the Princeſs of Saxe-Gotha. *DP.*

Laſt monday the Lord Sunbury, ſon and heir apparent to the Earl of Haliſax, embark'd on board the Fubbs-yacht, with the Lord North and Guilford, for Holland, from whence his Lordſhip intends to proceed on his travels for 5 years. *DA.*

We are well aſſured that Sir John Norris has not received any orders for ſending any more of his ſquadron home from Lisbon, as has been reported in ſeveral papers. *DA.*

Yeſterday Sir Rob. Groſvenor, Bar. Counſellor Noel, Dr. Tyſon, Dr. Dodd, and Mr. Green the Surgeon, were choſen governors of St. Bartholomew's hoſpital. *DA.*

We hear 'tis propos'd, that the miniſter of every pariſh ſhall have a right, in caſe any perſon refuſes to ſet out their [his] proper tythes, to ſend a proper ſervant to do it, and to take what belongs to him: and that all complaints relating to tythes ſhall be firſt made to two Juſtices, and the appeal from them to be at the choice of the complainant, either to the Juſtices of Aſſize, or in the court of Exchequer, whoſe judgment is to be final. *DA.*

We hear that a certain tradeſman has brought an action of 8000 l. againſt a gentleman for having an unlawful correſpondence with his wife. *P.* —— *For* certain *read* uncertain.

The hon. Will. Pulteney, Eſq; continues very ill at Peterſham near Richmond. *LP.* —— Yeſterday was ſo well recover'd, that he rode out to take the air. *DP.*

Died on ſunday the new-born ſon of the Lord Polwarth. *LP.*

On tueſday a dray run over a poor old woman, who died on the ſpot. *P.*

Will. Bithell and Will. Morgan were executed at Worceſter, *Apr.* 19. for cutting down turnpikes. *G.*

FRIDAY, *Apr.* 23. Yeſterday being Maunday thurſday, the rev. Dr. Gilbert, ſub-almoner, in the abſence of the Archbiſhop of York, diſtributed at Whitehall to 53 poor men and women, his Majeſty's alms, viz. to each 3 ells of Holland, a piece of cloth for a coat, a pair of ſhoes and ſtockings, a purſe with 20 s. and 53 ſilver pence, a loaf of bread, and a wooden platter of fiſh. *DP. G.* —— His grace the Archbiſhop of York waſhed the feet of ſo many poor perſons in Duke-ſtreet chapel: he was aſſiſted by the rev. Dr. Gilbert and Dr. Hayter, &c. *DJ. DA. LP.*

'Twas yeſterday reported upon the Royal Exchange, that 2 Dutch ſhips and 3 Engliſh, bound from Leghorn with Spaniſh troops, were loſt, and upwards of 1500 perſons drown'd. *DA.* —— 2 of the ſhips were Engliſh and 5 Spaniſh, 500 ſoldiers with the crews were drown'd. *LP.*

Laſt wedneſday a man pretty well dreſs'd, went to the houſe of Mr. Macnorton in Blue-boar-yard, Southwark, and aſked for a lodging for two or three days, then ſent for a bottle of Mountain, a quart of Geneva, and two quarts of Brandy, and ſet it all by his bed-ſide; and yeſterday morning was found ſpeechleſs, having drank 3 pints of the brandy: he died ſoon after, when it was diſcovered that his throat had been cut and the wound ſew'd up; a ſurgeon ſaid it had been done 3 or 4 days, but was not the occaſion of his death. 'Tis ſuppos'd he was a lunatick, &c. *DP.*

Yeſterday morning about 1 o' clock a fire broke out at Mr. Morſe's, a plumber in upper Shadwell, Ratcliff-highway, which burnt that and two other houſes, and greatly damaged ſeveral others, &c. *DP.* —— Mr. Stringer's aunt, aged about 79, was entirely conſumed, except one of her legs, which was found among the rubbiſh. *DJ.* —— The damage done Mr. Moſs and Mr. Stringer, it is ſaid amounts to about 1000 l. and it is remarkable, that about a year ago a fire happen'd at the ſame place, when Mr. Stringer's houſe was burnt down, &c. *DA. LP.*

Her grace the Dutcheſs of Beaufort is in a fair way of recovery of the ſmall-pox. *DA.* —— Laſt night lay at the point of death. *G.*

Married, laſt tueſday, Roger Smith of Richmond, Eſq; to Miſs Simmonds, an heireſs of 18,000 l. *G.*

Died, on ſunday, at Bewdley in Worceſterſhire, of a fall from his horſe, Rob. Foley, Eſq; Recorder of the borough of Stafford, and of the Middle Temple. *LP.*

SATURDAY, *Apr.* 24. Yeſterday being S. George's day, the tutelar Saint of England, the ſame was obſerv'd at Court as a high feſtival. *DJ. DA. G.* —— The rev. Dr. Wilcox, Biſhop of Rocheſter, preach'd before their Majeſties, &c. *DJ.*

The King has been pleaſed to preſent to his Royal highneſs the Prince of Wales, the ſet of plate which his Majeſty made uſe of when Prince, valued at 12,000 l. *DA.*

Admiral Norris has receiv'd orders to ſtay at Lisbon till his Majeſty's further pleaſure be known, the accommodation between Spain and Portugal not being ſo near as was expected. *DA.*

Col. Cosby having deſir'd to be recall'd from his government of the Leeward Iſlands, on account of his ill ſtate of health, is ſhortly expected from thence. *LP.*

'Tis computed, that the two Univerſities have already, within about 50, the number of livings they are allow'd to have in their diſpoſal, by the Mortmain bill. —— 'Tis reported there will be a Parliamentary enquiry into the doctrines, &c. laid down in the *Codex*. *LP.*

On ſaturday an experiment was tried before ſeveral of the commiſſioners of the Victualling-office, relating to the ſalting of beef, in the following manner; a bullock was blooded in the two jugulars almoſt to death, knock'd on the head, and ripp'd up, the guts taken out; and before cold, a cock was put into one of the arteries by the back, from which went upwards a long tube fill'd with brine, and the cock being turned, threw the brine thro' all the veſſels, ſo that it was ſalted all over equally alike; for a piece of the lip and leg being cut off, the brine iſſu'd out. Some of the pieces were put into veſſels, and ſent to ſea, in order to know how it will keep. *LP.*

Died, on wedneſday, at Bath, Sir George Markham, Bar. *G.* —— He is as well as he has been for ſome time paſt. *LP. Apr.* 27.

MONDAY, *Apr.* 26. His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Sir Brices Gardiner, Bar. John Shorter, Rich. Shelley, Will. Fither, and Brinley Skinner, Eſqrs; to be commiſſioners for managing the duties on ſtamp'd vellum, parchment, paper, &c. *DP. DJ. LP.*

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to declare his intention of going to Hanover, as ſoon as the Parliament breaks up. *LP.* —— On friday laſt. *DJ.*

Yeſterday being Eaſter-ſunday, the rev. Dr. Gilbert, in the room of the Archbiſhop of York, preach'd before their Majeſties, his highneſs the Prince, &c. after which they receiv'd the communion from the hands of the right rev. Dr. Egerton, Biſhop of Hereford. —— The rev. Mr. Chamberlain, in the room of Dr. Waterland, preach'd before his highneſs the Duke, &c. *DJ.*

Yeſterday about half an hour paſt two, her highneſs the Princeſs of Saxe-Gotha arriv'd at Greenwich in good health. —— The ſame afternoon his royal highneſs the Prince of Wales went to Greenwich to pay his compliments to her highneſs. *DP.* —— Arrived about one o' clock, &c. *DA. LP.* —— Between 11 and 12. The Prince went about 5. *DJ.*

We hear that an appenage of 80,000 l. per ann. will be ſettled on the Prince of Wales on his marriage. *DJ.*

As ſoon as divine ſervice was over, about 40 men were ſet at work to get the chapel in readineſs againſt the marriage. *DJ.* —— Several hundred men are at work, &c. *DA.*

Died on thurſday, near Alton in Hampſhire, John Butler, Eſq; high ſheriff for the county of Southampton. *DP. DA. LP.*

Yeſterday a boat was overſet between Barn-elms and Fulham-bridge, and one Mr. Sutton of Hammerſmith was drown'd. *DP.*

TUESDAY, *Apr.* 27. Yeſterday her highneſs the Princeſs Auguſta, being near recover'd of the fatigue of her voyage, appeared extremely well pleas'd at the ſight of the ſeveral thouſand people that were in the Park at Greenwich, in hopes to ſee her highneſs on ſunday laſt. *DJ*—The ſame day his royal highneſs made another viſit to her highneſs; as did the Princeſſes Amelia and Caroline. *DJ. G.* —— Together with the Duke: they all appear'd in the gallery of the houſe fronting the Park, which gave ſeveral thouſand perſons an opportunity of ſeeing her highneſs, who expreſſed their joy by loud acclamations. *LP.* —— Not leſs than 10,000. *DA.* —— *By the firſt of theſe paragraphs, the* DJ. *ſeems to be ſick of the ſame diſtemper, with which the* P. *was long afflicted before its deceaſe.*

Yeſterday Miſs Schutz, and Miſs Dives, kiſs'd her Majeſty's hand, on their being appointed maids of honour to the Princeſs of Saxe-Gotha. *DP.* —— As did the hon. Mrs. Leighton and the hon. Mrs. Payne, on being appointed bed-chamber women. *LP.*

The workmen were yeſterday augmented to above 100, in order to prepare the royal chapel for the marriage. *DJ.*

The rev. Mr. Tho. Payne, many years chaplain to the Factory at Conſtantinople, is made Arch-deacon of Brecon. *DA.*

Yeſterday the right hon. the Lord Mayor, with the court of Aldermen, &c. went to S. Brides, according to annual cuſtom, and heard a ſermon preach'd by the right rev. Dr. Benſon, Biſhop of Glouceſter. *DJ.*

On thurſday, at Great Yarmouth, Eliz. Thompſon, daughter of the widow Parker (who was indicted for keeping a common bawdy-houſe, and bound over to next ſeſſions) was found guilty of the murder of a Dutchman there ſome time ago. *DP. LP.*

Yeſterday morning Mr. Darnley, farrier to his Majeſty and the Prince of Wales, was found dead in the road near Chelſea-college, ſuppos'd to have been in liquor, and fell from his horſe, as he was returning from Claremont. —— Mr. Benj. Grant, an eminent diſtiller, was found hanging in an apartment near S. Margaret's-hill, Southwark. *DP.*

WEDNESDAY, *Ap.* 28. The concourſe of people yeſterday at Greenwich to ſee the Princeſs of Saxe-Gotha ſet out for London was very great, but not near ſo numerous as monday, where the gracious deportment of the Prince of Wales, and the affability and amiable behaviour of the Princeſs, attracted the love and applauſe of the ſpectators, even to tranſport. His Royal Highneſs din'd with her Highneſs in one of the rooms towards the Park, the windows being thrown open to oblige the curioſity of the people: his Royal Highneſs likewiſe accompanied her when ſhe was pleaſed to ſhew herſelf from the gallery of the portico; and afterwards gave her the diverſion of paſſing on the water as far as the Tower, and back again. The Prince's barge was finely adorn'd, and attended by two others full of nobility, and preceded by a concert of muſick. The river was cover'd with boats. The ſhips ſaluted their Highneſſes all the way they paſs'd, and hung out all their ſtreamers and colours. Their Highneſſes afterwards ſupp'd in publick. The great gates of the Park were thrown open the whole day, for the better accommodation of the people—— Yeſterday morning her highneſs came in his majeſty's coach, drawn by ſix horſes, from Greenwich to Lambeth; there was a train of others for her highneſs's retinue, the Officers and Ladies of the houſhold, &c. Her highneſs croſs'd the wa-

ter at Lambeth, and was brought from Whitehall to St. James's houſe in the Queen's chair, where was a court numerous and ſplendid beyond expreſſion. Her highneſs was there introduced to their Majeſties, who came forward to meet her, and receiv'd her with extreme tenderneſs. Her highneſs din'd with the Princeſſes, the Prince of Wales being likewiſe preſent. At eight the proceſſion began to the chapel, and the joining the hands was proclaim'd to the people by firing of guns.—The ſupper, which was as magnificent as can be imagin'd, was ſerv'd up about ten o' clock in the great ſtate ball-room, which was crowded with ſpectators. The bride in her robes of ſilver ſtuff, with a coronet on her head, and a train ſupported by four Dukes daughters, and two of Earls, ſat on the Queen's left hand, the Prince on the King's right hand, and next to him the Duke; the Princeſſes Amelia and Caroline ſat on the left hand of the Princeſs. About twelve the illuſtrious pair were put to bed, when the King did the bride the uſual honours, and company were admitted to ſee them. *DA.*

The monument was illuminated with upwards of 150 lamps. *DA.* ——— Upwards of 100. *LP.*

'Tis reported the right hon. the Lord Delawar will be advanced to the dignity of a Viſcount and Earl. *DP. LP.*

The Earl of Pomfret has been pleaſed to appoint Mr. Joſ. Darlow to be farrier to her Majeſty, in the room of his father, deceas'd. *LP.*

Will. Pulteney, Eſq; who has been dangerouſly ill, is now entirely recover'd. *DA.*

Married laſt monday at Groſvenor-chapel, Will. Jackſon of Brook-ſtreet, Eſq; to Miſs Barker, a very agreeable young Lady of 15,000 l. fortune. *G.*

To the Society of the Grub-ſtreet Journal at their own Pegaſus.

Learned Sirs,

SINCE ſome of my Brethren of the Stage have, either by a Correſpondence in their own names, or by their own Letters under fictitious ones, been indulg'd to recommend themſelves by your Journal to the favour of the Town againſt their Benefit nights, I hope from that impartiality which your Society has always ſhewn, that you'll allow me the liberty to inſert theſe following lines in your next Paper.

As the Town has always receiv'd my endeavours to pleaſe with the utmoſt good nature, I was not willing to give them, at my Benefit, the ſame annual Bill of Fare. Variety is ſaid to make the feaſt, and therefore I have this year attempted to put on a Character, far different from any that I have yet appear'd in. I intend to-morrow night, inſtead of tuning an old worn-out Ballad, to ſtrive to move the Audience with the tender paſſion and manly ſenſe of OTWAY: and as all my ſtudy and ambition is to pleaſe, I hope the Publick, who firſt encourag'd me as Sir John Loverule in the *Devil to Pay*, will not deny me their favours at my firſt repreſenting Polydore in the *Orphan*. But whatever may be my ſucceſs, I ſhall always be

The Town's, and your Society's,

Moſt humble ſervant,

CHA. STOPPELAER.

To the AUTHOR, *&c.*

SIR,

PLEASE to inſert the following Account of two late inſtances of the ſucceſs of Dr. Taylor's new Operation for the Cataract, which I have been eye-witneſs of, and you will oblige, &c.

H. S.

One Alexander Donnelſon, from S. Olive's work-houſe, Southwark, had Cataracts on each eye, which had entirely depriv'd him of ſight for ſome years paſt; applied for relief, and had the common Operation made on his right eye, which was ſo far from being attended with ſucceſs, that his ſight was irrecoverably loſt by it. On ſaturday laſt Dr. Taylor made his new Operation on the left eye, which ſo happily anſwer'd expectation, that he is now able to ſee objects diſtinctly.

Likewiſe the wife of Mr. Richard Barnes, in Bricklane, over-againſt Church-ſtreet, in Spittle-fields, who, tho' the ſame Operation was made but on tueſday laſt, can now ſee perfectly well, without having ſuffer'd any pain either during the Operation, or ſucceeding it.

I am well inform'd, the Doctor can produce ſeveral examples of perſons lately recover'd by his Operation, and I think it juſt to conclude, ſuch uncommon ſucceſs will juſtify his method of practice againſt all oppoſers, recommend him to the world as the greateſt man in his profeſſion, and draw upon him the thanks of the candid and unprejudic'd part, for a diſcovery ſo truly uſeful to mankind.

Will's Coffee-houſe, Covent-garden, Apr. 22, 1736.

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-ſtreet.*

THIS is to give notice, that RYMER GINGLE, Eſq; has, with great care and pains, been collecting for theſe ſeveral years, a ſet of *Love Verſes*, &c. and having now compleated his *Collection*, is willing to diſpoſe of it to the higheſt bidder. It is to be ſeen at the Hand and Pen in Crambo-court, Crochet-lane, Cripplegate. The ſale will be on Monday next in the forenoon. The ſaid Mr. GINGLE has ſeveral Copies of Verſes made up into Hearts, Fans, &c. which will be diſpoſed of at the ſame time to the beſt bidders. The following is a ſpecimen of the Subjects upon which ſome of the Verſes are written.

Upon CÆLIA's Linnet.

Addreſs to a patch under her left eye.

A Charge to a goosberry-buſh upon which her ſtraw hat hung.

A little Ode upon the point of a very ſmall needle that pricked her finger.

Advice to a Mole under her right ear.

Some thoughts on the colour of her eyes.

Four lines on her voice.

The chiding a flie for making too free with her ruffle.

A long Copy of Verſes, in which every particular of her dreſs is explained and extolled.

Upon a Moth that was burnt in the candle, that heated the ſealing wax, that ſealed the letter, that was ſent back unopened.

To a Gnat that flew in her eye. *A Lilliputian Ode.*

To a pair of ſhoes that pinched her.

To her unfaithful necklace that broke, and let the pearls fall.

Expoſtulation with a Flea that came within a yard of her.

Four ſtanza's on the clock of her ſtocking.

A ſmart Epigram on a pen-knife that was to cut her corns.

A Wiſh upon the rivet that held her fan-ſticks together.

Some ſoft Verſes on her pillow, with an order to the light not to diſturb her.

A Copy of Heroics, humbly addreſſed to the ſole of her ſhoe, &c. &c. &c.

Since our laſt, we have received a *Letter* from PHILALETHES, and one concerning the publiſhing of the *Holy Bible* weekly with notes.

That which we mentioned concerning Mr. P. in our 329th *Journal*, came from his own mouth; and therefore we conclude, that the ſcurrilous undated *Letter*, ſign A. B. was written by ſome Grubean who does not know him when he ſees him.

On Feb. 2. at Hampton Falls, in the province of New Hampſhire in New England, there happened an earthquake, preceded by a rumbling noiſe in the air. *DJ. Apr.* 22.

Bevil Granville, Eſq; nephew to the late Lord Lanſdown, who quitted the gown for the ſword, and had a commiſſion, died lately in Jamaica. *LP. Apr.* 23.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THURSDAY, *Apr.* 22. The Imperial Ambaſſador viſits the Spaniſh and French Miniſters at the Hague ſo frequently, that it is fear'd they will take an extraordinary ſtep, which will oblige the Maritime Powers to abandon Minerva's councils, and proclaim Mars for their ſecurity. *P.* —— *This dying prophecy of my brother the* Poſt-Boy *is very remarkable.*

His royal highneſs Prince Eugene of Savoy was found dead in his bed in the morning, after having eaten a very hearty ſupper: in the 73d year of his age. *LP.* —— On the 10th inſt. O. S. *DA. Ap.* 24.

SATURDAY, *Apr.* 24. A new Treaty for executing the Preliminaries was ſign'd at Vienna the 9th inſt. It is to be ratify'd in 6 weeks: and the General Treaty is to be ſign'd in the preſence of a general Congreſs of Miniſters at the Hague within 3 months. *DA.*

MONDAY, *Apr.* 26. 'Tis written from Maſtricht, that on the 22d Inſt. at night a violent ſhock of an earthquake was felt there which held above a minute, and did ſome damage. *DJ.*

A Treaty of commerce is ſaid to be upon the carpet between Ruſſia and Denmark, which the Engliſh and Dutch are endeavouring to obſtruct. *DJ.* ——— The King of Denmark has lately publiſh'd a ſumpter law, forbidding the wearing of diamonds or other jewels, and all kinds of lac'd and embroider'd cloaths, lac'd linnen, &c. *DA.* —— *I have met with* a ſumpter-horſe *before, but never with a* ſumpter law.

TUESDAY, *Apr.* 27. Advices from Dreſden tell us, that Count de Hoins, formerly Miniſter to the late King of Poland, was found dead in his bed the 23d of laſt month in his priſon at Konigſtein. *DP. LP.* —— The iniquitous Prime Miniſter. *DJ.*

Our laſt letters from Peterſburgh inform us, that the Count Munich was arriv'd at Czerkoſſy near Aſoph, with an army of 200,000 fighting men, and a prodigious train of artillery. *DP. DJ.*

Baſtia, in the Iſle of Corſica, March 25. O. S. About a fortnight ago there arrived at the port of Aleria, which is in the poſſeſſion of the Malecontents, an Engliſh ſhip, which, 'tis ſaid, came from Tunis, with a paſſport from the Engliſh Conſul. On board this ſhip there came a perſon whoſe habit denoted him to be of diſtinction, and as ſoon as he landed he was received with great honours by the Chiefs of the Malecontents, who complimented him with the title of *Excellency*, and *Viceroy* of Corſica, &c. *G.*

WEDNESDAY, *Apr.* 28. By a mail arrived yeſterday from Lisbon, we learn that the Portugueſe troops were again in motion; that the Britiſh ſquadron was to careen in the Tagus; the breach between the two courts appearing to be as wide as ever. *DJ.*

Yeſterday Bank Stock was 147 3 4ths a 8. India 174 3 4ths. S. S. Trading Stock 97 3 4ths. Old Annuities 112 3 8ths, a 1 4th, for the Opening. New Annuities 111 a 10 3 4ths. Three per Cent. Annuity 103 3 4ths a 7 8ths. Million Bank 113. African 14. Royal Aſſurance 108. London Aſſurance 14 a 1 8th. New Bank Circulation 6 l. 17 s 6 d. Prem. South Sea Bonds 5 l 17 s. a 18 s. Prem. India ditto 6 l. 3 s. a 5 s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 5 l. 7 s. Prem. Engliſh Copper 2 l. 3 s. Welſh ditto, no Price. Salt Tallies 4 a 5 3 4ths Prem. Emperor's Loan 116 a 1 8th.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Saturday, May 1, *will be publiſh'd,*

And continued Monthly,

On a neat Letter, and very good Paper, in 8vo,

(Price Six-pence,)

THE COUNTRY MAGAZINE; Or, The GENTLEMAN and LADY's POCKET COMPANION.

For the Month of APRIL.

(Being a Work of greater Variety, and more Uſe, than any Thing of this Kind hitherto ever publiſh'd)

Containing,

I. The Cook's Kalender, being Rules and Directions in all parts of Cookery; with ample and elegant Bills of Fare for grand and private Tables of every Thing in Seaſon for the enſuing Month; in an entirely new and regular Method, the Bills of Fare being placed firſt, and the Receipts for dreſſing every Thing mentioned in them immediately following, with Notes explaining all difficult and uncommon Terms in Cookery; and giving Inſtructions concerning the placing and ſerving up Diſhes.

II. Choice Receipts in Paſtry, Pickling, Confectionary, Diſtilling, making all Sorts of Engliſh Wines, Cordials, &c.

III. Rules and Receipts in Phyſick and Surgery, with Directions for the Preſervation of Health and long Life.

IV. A new and accurate Gardener's Kalender for the coming Month.

V. Obſervations and Directions in every part of Huſbandry and Horſemanſhip, with Inſtructions for all ſorts of Culture, and Receipts for curing Diſeaſes in Horſes, Dogs, and all Cattle.

VI. A View of the Weekly Eſſays, being Extracts from the Craftſman, Fog's Journal, Grub ſtreet Journal, London Journal, Weekly Miſcellany, Old Whig, Weekly Oracle, Daily Gazetteer, and every other Paper of the ſame Kind.

VII. A Collection of Songs, Epigrams, and other Poems.

VIII. A Chronological Diary of the moſt remarkable Events in the foregoing Month.

IX. Ample Liſts of all Preferments, Births, Marriages, Deaths of perſons in the foregoing Month; of Bankrupts; the Courſe of Exchange, prices of Stocks and Goods, and Monthly Bill of Mortality, &c.

Printed for J. Read in White Fryars; and ſold by the Bookſellers and Pamphlet-ſhops of London and Weſtminſter.

Of whom may be had,

The Magazine for the Month of March.

'*Sneer.* But is not your Satire on Law and Phyſick 'ſomewhat too general?

'*Fuſt.* What is ſaid here cannot hurt either an honeſt 'Lawyer, or a good Phyſician; and ſuch may be, nay, 'I know ſuch are: if the oppoſites to theſe are the moſt 'general, I cannot help that; as for the Profeſſors them-'ſelves, I have no great Reaſon to be their friend, for 'they once joined in a particular conſpiracy againſt me.

'*Sneer.* Ay, how ſo?

'*Fuſt.* Why, an Apothecary brought me in a long 'Bill, and a Lawyer made me pay it.'

There *may*, it ſeems, *be an honeſt Lawyer*, and *a good Phyſician*, nay, our Author *knows*, there *are ſuch:* but as to an *honeſt* and *good* Divine, he does not ſo much as ſay there *may be* any *ſuch*, much leſs does he pretend to *know* one: for the omiſſion of which pretence, the Clergy will, no doubt, think themſelves in ſome meaſure obliged to him. —— The ludicrous complaint of the *particular conſpiracy* againſt our Poet may ſerve as a key to let us into the true original cauſe of his indignation againſt Lawyers and Phyſicians; and from that we may eaſily account for his animoſity againſt Divines.

This Piece is ſet in a very different light by the *Prompter*, in his Paper of *Apr.* 2; where, among other great things ſay'd of the whole, the following character is given of the latter part of it. 'In the Tragedy (much 'the finer Performance of the two) we ſee the, daring 'Pencil of *Michael Angelo*. Satires ſtart out of every 'Line; they are *ſeen* and *felt*. Even when they *ſmile*, 'they look *terrible*, and *ſtrike* with *force*. He has here 'and there given a *Flemiſh* Touch, for the ſake of the '*Vulgar*. — Some Perſons have injudiciouſly thought, 'the Poet levels his Satire, (not againſt the Abuſes of, 'but) againſt Religion, Law, and Phyſick, themſelves; 'but if they would attend to the Characters of the Speak-'ers, they would find, all that is ſaid is only againſt the '*Abuſe*, and not the *Foundation* of each.'—If this *judicious* Critic, who has lately diſplayed his judgment ſo conſpicuouſly, in recommending Plays and Players to the Town, will undertake to ſhew the truth of this aſſertion; one may venture to promiſe him, that more notice will be taken of it, than was of his laboured Defence of the *Double Deceit*, a Play and a Criticiſm, which very few would give themſelves the trouble to read.

MARFORIO.

AUGUSTA *celeriter navigans.*

SAXONICA adveniat citiùs quo VIRGO per undas,
Omine fælici dum meditatur AMOR;
Oſcula dat Matri prognatæ fluctibus, orans
OCEANUM innocuâ falleret arte Patrem.
Annuit. Ac VENERIS formam capit ecce Puella;
Pro velis alas pandit et ille ſuas.

A. Q.

To her Highneſs the Princeſs AUGUSTA, *upon her landing at Greenwich.*

1.
Welcome, fair Princeſs, to the ſhore,
Where Saxon Chiefs did heretofore
Arrive, ſubdue, and reign.
With guilty ſwords They made their way
To great domains, and ſovereign ſway,
While Britons ſigh'd in vain.

2.
But Thou, array'd in brighter arms,
Innocent and reſiſtleſs charms,
Shalt nobler conqueſts ſee:
While all the Britiſh Empire round,
Vertue and ſenſe, wherever found,
Glad homage pay to thee.

L. C.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

DP. *Daily Poſt.*
DJ. *Daily Journal.*
DA. *Daily Advertiſer.*
LP. *London Daily Poſt.*
G. *Daily Gazetteer.*
LE. *London Evening Poſt.*

Hyp-Oratorial Advertiſements and *Puffs* in December.

Hyp Advertiſements 3. Oratorial ditto 9: in all 12. —— Hyp Puffs 3: Oratorial ditto 8: in all 11. —— Decreaſed in the Advertiſements 4. Increaſed in the Puffs 1.

A *Bill of* Hyp-Oratorial Mortality *for the year* 1735.

Hyp Advertiſements 45: Oratorial ditto 109: in all 154. —— Hyp Puffs 39: Oratorial ditto 96: in all 135. —— Sum total of Advertiſements and Puffs 289. —— Increaſed in the Advertiſements this year 30: Increaſed in the Puffs 30.

THURSDAY, *Apr.* 29. Yeſterday there was the greateſt appearance at court of the nobility, &c. to compliment their Majeſties on the marriage, &c. *DJ. G.* —— The richneſs of the cloaths, the vaſt quantity of brilliants, pearls, and other jewels the nobility wore, were the moſt magnificent ever ſeen. *DJ.* —— *An evident proof of the prodigious wealth of the nation.*

On tueſday Mr. Edw. Matthews, entred on the place as head keeper of Tothil-fields Bridewel, worth about 300 l. per ann. *DJ.*

On monday at Newmarket, the noblemen's contribution of 800 guineas was won by the Duke of Devonſhire. *DA.*

Yeſterday began the quarter ſeſſions of the peace for the city and liberty of Weſtminſter; when Sir John Gonſon gave a learned and uſeful charge to the grand jury. *DJ.* ——— A learned and eloquent charge. *LP.*

This day ſe'nnight as Edw. Fiſher, of Gretton in Northamptonſhire, was going to Kettering to pay the Land-tax to the General Receiver, he was knock'd off his horſe in Rockingham foreſt by 3 highwaymen, and robbed of 70 l. 3 s. 6 d. *G.* —— *Theſe were* 3 general receivers.

FRIDAY, *Apr.* 30. His Majeſty has been pleaſed to write letters with his own hand to the Emperor, the Kings of France, Spain, Sardinia and Portugal, and the States General, to acquaint them with the marriage, &c. ——— His royal highneſs the Prince and his bride have wrote letters to the Prince and Princeſs of Orange. *DA.*

Yeſterday the right hon. the Lord Mayor, &c. waited on his Majeſty with a congratulatory addreſs, to which his Majeſty return'd a gracious anſwer, and they had the honour to kiſs his hand, &c. *DA.* —— Waited on their royal highneſſes the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, when the Recorder made an elegant ſpeech, congratulating them on their nuptials, &c. *LP.* —— Made their compliments to their Majeſties, &c. *DJ.*

Yeſterday a bill paſſed the Houſe of Commons, for the naturalization of her royal highneſs the Princeſs of Wales. *DJ. LP.*

We hear his royal highneſs the Prince has been pleas'd to make a preſent of 100 guineas to the ſeamen of the William and Mary yacht, which brought over her highneſs. *DJ* —— His royal highneſs had procured 400 l. in ſhillings and ſix-pences, to have thrown among the populace at Greenwich; but being acquainted with the ill conſequences that might attend ſuch a diſtribution, with regard to the lives and limbs of the people, receded from his generous purpoſe. *DP.*

The Prince was pleas'd to inveſt with his own hand, Sir Will. Irby, Bart. with the enſigns of the office of Chamberlain to his Conſort, viz. the golden key and blue ribband. He is allow'd a ſalary of 5001 per ann. with board wages and lodgings. *LP.*

Yeſterday the Prince and Princeſs of Wales took the air round Kenſington, Chelſea, &c. in an open chair: as they were paſſing Lord Harrington's houſe, a company of butchers began to ſalute them with marrow-bones and cleavers, the horſe took fright and ſtood up an end, which had like to have overturned the chair: the Princeſs was in a great conſternation. *LP.* —— *The* horſe, *as thoughtleſs as the* butchers, *ſeems to have had a mind to* dance.

On wedneſday a table began to be kept at the Prince of Wales's apartments, for the Princeſs's pages, and Mr. Biger is appointed keeper of the ſaid table. *DJ.* ——— The Prince of Wales's houſhold will not be ſettled till his Majeſty's return from Hanover. *LP.*

Mr. Jennings had his pocket pick'd of a gold watch, as he was waiting on her royal highneſs on monday to the water ſide. *DP.*

Yeſterday Mr. Carter was choſen, by a great majority, lecturer for the united pariſhes of S. Margaret Pattons and S. Gabriel Fenchurch. *DP. DJ.* ——— A conſiderable majority. *LP.*

On tueſday at Barham-downs near Canterbury, the Eaſter plate was won by Mr. Winter's mare *Cat. LP.*

At the rejoicings on tueſday night at Cheliea, a ſky-rocket fell down the chimney of Mr. Middleton an apothecary, which ſet fire to his houſe, but the ſame was extinguiſh'd without doing any conſiderable damage. *LP.*

Married on tueſday, Beſt Hollis of Kent, Eſq; to Miſs Eliz. Charter, a beautiful young Lady with 20,000 l. *DJ.*

SATURDAY, *May* 1. Yeſterday the right hon. Arthur Onſlow, Eſq; Sir Rob. Walpole, &c. waited on his Majeſty with a congratulatory addreſs from the hon. Houſe of Commons, upon the nuptials. ——— The right hon. the Marquis of Carnarvon, &c. upon the Queen. ——— And the right hon. the Earl of Middleſex, &c. upon the Prince and Princeſs of Wales. *DA.*

The ſame day his excellency Baron Thoms, envoy of Saxe-Gotha, gave a moſt magnificent entertainment to the right hon. Sir Rob. Walpole, &c. *DA.*

Yeſterday Edward Millbanke, Eſq; kiſs'd the King's hand on his being page of honour to his Majeſty. *LP.* —— Gardon Orme, Eſq; the hon. Mr. Hume, and Capt. Hildeſly, were appointed gentlemen uſhers daily waiters to her royal highneſs the Princeſs of Wales. *LP.*

On thurſday Henſhaw Halſey, Eſq; was elected knight of the ſhire for Hertfordſhire by a great majority, againſt Charles Ceſar, Eſq; *DJ.*

Yeſterday 3 petitions were deliver'd to her royal highneſs the Princeſs of Wales, from the priſons of the Fleet, King's-bench, and Ludgate. *DJ.*

Letters yeſterday from Scarbro' mention, that on the poſt-boys riding into that town with a cockade on his cap (with the news of Mr. Osbaldeſton's carrying his election) and crying an Osbaldeſton, the mob fell upon him, knock'd him off his horſe and beat him; and a Lady opening her door to take the boy in, had all her windows broke. *LP.*

On wedneſday, at Newmarket, Mr. Vane's mare beat Lord William Manner's *Crab* for 300 guineas. —— On thurſday, Mr. Croft's *Black mare* won the King's plate of 100 guineas. —— And Mr. South's *Dunkirk*, beat Mr. Greſwood's *Diamond* for 100 guineas. *LP.*

On thurſday ſome ſoldiers in the Strand quarrelling with the driver of a waggon, to all appearance loaded with hay, they got into it, and found a quantity of tea conceal'd to the value of 1500 l. which was carry'd to the Exciſe-office. *DA.*

Yeſterday a foot ſoldier was committed to the Gatehouſe, for ſtabbing his wife with his bayonet in Peter-ſtreet, Weſtminſter, of which ſhe died on wedneſday. *DJ.*

Yeſterday Michael Hughes was executed at Kennington-common, for robbing Mr. Drake and Mr. Parker, of ſurgeons inſtruments and ſome money, in February laſt. *DP. LP.*

MONDAY, *May* 3. Yeſterday the rev. Dr. Croxal preached before their Majeſties, the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, &c. —— And the rev. Dr. Lavington before his highneſs the Duke, &c. *DJ. DA.*—Their Majeſties, &c. dined in publick. *DP.* —— The crowd was ſo great, that tho' the guards were doubled at all the gates, the people forced their way in. *DJ.*

'Tis aſſur'd, that his Majeſty will ſet out for Hanover the day after the Parliament breaks up. *DJ.* —— On wedneſday the 26th Inſt. *LP.* —— The Parliament ariſes about thurſday fortnight, and his Majeſty ſets out the ſaturday following. *DA.*

We hear, that Mr. Le Grand is appointed Lieutenant of the Yeomen of the guard, in the room of Tho. Wyndham, Eſq; deceas'd. *DP.*

The rev. Mr. Caſper Weſtein, rector of Helmingham in Suffolk, (a native of Swiſſerland) is appointed chaplain to the Princeſs of Wales; and he is to inſtruct her highneſs in the Engliſh tongue. —— On friday Mr. Nichola, who attended her highneſs to England, was appointed page of the preſence. ——— And on ſaturday Col. Rich. Maitland and Mr. Grimſtone, were appointed gentlemen-uſhers, with a ſalary of 100 l. per ann. each. *LP.*

On ſaturday the Lord Mayor, &c. dined with the Lord Baltimore in Groſvenor-ſquare: the dinner and deſert were in the moſt elegant taſte, and the company extremely well pleaſed with the entertainment. *LP.*

Her grace the Dutcheſs of Beaufort is recovered of the ſmall-pox. *LP.*

On ſaturday Mr. Greſwood's Bay mare, beat Mr. Pitt's Bay horſe at Epſom downs, for 100 guineas. *DP.*

Laſt friday night the Poll ended for Knight of the Shire for the County of Hertford, when the numbers ſtood thus: Char. Cæſar, Eſq; 1078: Henſhaw Halſey, Eſq; 1019. *DA.* — Laſt ſaturday. *DP.*

A few days ſince Mr. Bodycoat of Peckham receiv'd an incendiary letter, threatening him if he did not lay 20 guineas in a certain place, to burn his houſe and kill him and his family: and on friday morning the maid going into the garden, two men and a woman ſeiz'd her, and with a penknife cut her ſtays down, and then took her garter and hung her againſt the neceſſary houſe: the garter breaking ſhe eſcaped with life, but is ſtill in a weak condition. *DJ.* — Three men and a woman. *LP.* after taking the powder. *DJ.* — *The* Doctor *will probably ſay, that he eat* Greens *after it.*

Married laſt week Leake Oakeover, of Oakeover near Aſhburn in Derbyſhire, Eſq; to Miſs Abell, an agreeable young Lady with 8000 l. *LP.*

Died a few days ſince Mr. Belchier, who kept the Caſtle-inn at Kingſton upon Thames; he having been troubled with the gout and dropſy, took ſome of the Pall-mall powders; after which he had moſt violent pains in his ſtomach, which were followed by a privation of his ſenſes, and continual groanings: in which miſerable condition he continued till he expired, which was 8 hours

On friday night Mr. Goodin a cuſtom-houſe officer, with ſeveral others in purſuit of ſome ſmugglers, was ſhot dead near Fulham. *DJ.* —— On ſaturday morning Mr. Goodwin was found murdered between Lewiſham

and New-croſs, &c. *DP.* —— Was ſhot through the body by one of the ſmugglers. *DA* —— 'Tis ſuppoſed he fell from his horſe and broke his neck. *LP.*

The death of Will. Cosby, Captain general, and Commander in chief of New York, &c. is confirmed: which makes a fourth government vacant in the Colonies. *DA.*

TUESDAY, *May* 4. The bill for the naturalization of the Princeſs of Wales has paſs'd both houſes of Parliament. *LP.*

Yeſterday his grace the Duke of Richmond gave a magnificent entertainment in Privy-gardens to ſeveral of the nobility, &c. on account of the marriage. *DP. G.*

Yeſterday the rev. Mr. George Conen, B. A. fellow of S. John's Oxon. was elected Lecturer of S. George the Martyr, Southwark, againſt the rev. ..... Forreſter, M. A. in the room of the rev. Mr. Hele deceas'd. *DP.*

The ſame day a gentleman receiv'd a letter by the general poſt, without the poſt mark from whence it came, which was to this effect: 'You muſt prepare yourſelf for 'the next world; for you have not long to continue in this, &c.' *DJ.*

We hear an account from Briſtol, that on wedneſday one Mrs. Norman, who kept a Huckſter's ſhop on S. Philip's Plain, was found murdered in her own ſhop. She had in her houſe when murdered about 90 l. 80 l. of which was ſew'd up in a petticoat, and is now miſſing: one Rob. How was taken up on ſuſpicion. *DP. LP.*

Died on ſaturday, in Brook-ſtreet, Holborn, in his 90th year, Steph. Beckenham, Eſq; one of the governors of the Hoſpital of Bridewell and Bethlehem. *DJ.*

WEDNESDAY, *May* 5. Yeſterday the Houſe of Lords in a body waited on his Majeſty with a congratulatory addreſs upon the nuptials, and had the honour to kiſs his Majeſty's hand. —— Afterwards they were introduced to her Majeſty, and to the Prince and Princeſs of Wales. *DJ.* —— The Duke of Devonſhire, and the Earls of Wilmington and Ilay, on his Majeſty; and the Dukes of Montagu and Portland, and the Lord Hardwick, on the Prince and Princeſs of Wales. *DA.*

Mr. Day of Pall-mall is appointed milliner, Mrs. Clinton mantua-maker, Mrs. Brooks petticoat-maker, and Mrs. Wallis haberdaſher, to the Princeſs of Wales. *DJ.*

Yeſterday his Grace the Duke of Grafton gave a moſt magnificent entertainment in old Old Bond-ſtreet, to ſeveral of the Prime miniſters of ſtate, &c. *DP. DJ.*

His Grace the Duke of Beaufort was not at court, as was mentioned in yeſterday's news papers. *DP. LP.*

Yeſterday Denham Hammond Eſq; was ſworn in Comptroller of this city, having purchaſed the place for 3600 *l.* *DA.* —— In the room of Randolf Strecy, Eſq; deceaſed. *LP.*

The Earl of Sandwich embarked at Dover on monday for Calais. *DJ.*

Died on friday at Cambridge, the rev. Mr. Charles Morgan, maſter of Clare-hall. *DJ.* — Dr. Charles Morgan, &c. *LP.*

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-ſtreet.*

The Vindication of the Antiquity of the Scotiſh Nation continued, and concluded.

HAVING thus fully proved that your Remarks are neither well grounded upon *Authority*, *Truth*, *Reaſon*, or any *ſolid Foundation*; it would be no hard matter (if there were room in your Paper for it) to ſet the *Antiquity of Scotland* in a much clearer light than RAPIN has done, and to prove that HADRIAN the Roman Emperor, who reigned *anno Chriſti* 117, built his wall from *Tyne* to *Solvey*, for defence againſt the *Scots*, for hetherto pertaineth the anſwer of FLORUS to ADRIAN,

Ego nolo CÆSAR *eſſe*
Ambulare per Britannos
Et Scoticas *pati pruinas.*

And that after him SEVERUS, who begun his reign *anno Chriſti* 193, having greatly enlarged the *Roman Conqueſts*, was for their preſervation obliged to cauſe build another Roman wall, much further north than the former, viz. from *Forth* to *Clide* (in *Scotland*) on purpoſe to defend againſt the *Scots*. And SCALIGER points at thoſe walls when he talks of the *Scots* having *ſet limits to the Roman Conqueſts*, which to be ſure was the harder to be done, by reaſon that the greatneſs of the Romans, as well as their fame, depended ſo mightily upon them. All which you may eaſily believe, ſince your own CAIXTON, in his old Chronicles of England, affirms, that the *King of Scots* aſſiſted CASSIBILON King of the Britons againſt JULIUS CÆSAR; who, according to BEDE, invaded Britain ſixty years before the *Incarnation of Chriſt.*

And it being generally agreed upon by all the learned (and particularly by BERGIER, who, in his time, was King's advocate of France, l. 1. cap. 10. numb. 9.) that the *Scots* were *Caledonians*, that of MARTIAL, who liven in the *Auguſtan age*, proves their antiquity.

Quinte Caledonios, OVIDE *viſure Britannos.*

CLAUDIAN alſo deſcribes the *Scots* as a people who frequently fought againſt the Romans, and thus in his Panegyrick upon the 3d Conſulate of HONORIUS, he ſays of THEODOSIUS,

Ille leves Mauros nec falſo nomine Pictos
Edomuit, Scotumque *vago mucrone ſeculus.*

And in HONORISUS's 4th Conſulate,

Ille Caledoniis *poſuit qui caſtra pruinis.*

SENECA alſo mentions, —— *Ceruleos Scoto-Brigantes.* In ſhort, RAPIN has only very ſuperficially and curſorily mentioned the *Antiquity of the Scots*, whereas the moſt learned *Criticks*, *Hiſtorians*, and *Antiquaries* of all the nations in Europe, as the great BARONIUS, SCALIGER, SALMASIUS, LIPSIUS, CAROLUS, SIGONIUS, FAVINUS, &c. have moſt pathetically defended it.

Nor is the *Antiquity* of the *Scotiſh race* leſs ſupported by *domeſtick*, than by *foreign Authors*, for the Hiſtory of *Scotland* having been written with great ſpirit, fidelity, and judgment, by FORDON, BOETHIUS, *Biſhop* LESLIE, *and Archbiſhop* SPOTISWOOD, &c. and by BUCHANAN in ſuch manner, as induced a very clever French Author (vid. VICFORT *Memoires des Ambaſſadeurs*) to ſay, *That the talent of writing Hiſtory had not been found on this ſide of the Alps in any, ſave in* BUCHANAN, *who had written the Hiſtory of Scotland better than* LIVIUS *did that of Rome.* All of them agree in *this*, *That the Scotiſh Colonies were governed in this iſland by* FERGUS *the firſt, who was their firſt King, and who begun his reign about* 330 *years before the Sun of Righteouſneſs deſcended upon earth, to illuminate the world with the brightneſs of his preſence.*

And that accurate Antiquary SKENE (in his Table of the Kings of *Scotland*) gives us this particular Chronology of FERGUS *the firſt, viz. That he reigned in the year of the world* 3641, *before Chriſt* 330 *years, in the firſt year of the* 112 *Olympiad, in the* 421 *year of the building of Rome, about the beginning of the* 3*d monarchy of the Grecians.* And BUCHANAN's Hiſtory has it, p. 100, *about the time that* ALEXANDER *the Macedonian ſack'd Babilon.*

The *Scotiſh Antiquity* having been thus maintained by whole armies of Authors, as well ancient as modern, and atteſted by ſuch a prodigious cloud of inexceptionable witneſſes, as well *foreign* as *domeſtick*; it may poſſibly be asked, *How it came to paſs that ever any doubt was raiſed about it?* And as to *this*, the moſt probable reaſon ſeems to be, that *tho'* the name of *Scotia*, or *Scotland*, was originally peculiar to the *country of the Scots*, yet it afterwards happned, that that name was for ſome time promiſcuouſly given (eſpecially by ſtrangers) to the *country of the Iriſh*; and the *Hybernians* with their uſual addreſs, carried that *clynch* ſo far, as thereby (by an extraordinary piece of plagiariſm) to deprive the *Scots* of *their ſaints*, *their ſoldiers*, *and their ſcholars*, to the very great detriment of the honour of the *Scotiſh nation*, *which*, to do it juſtice (without the leaſt vanity) may be allowed to have produced, *at leaſt*, *ſome* of the *beſt*, the *braveſt*, and the *greateſt men* of the world.

Nevertheleſs, the ſaid *Hybernian clynch*, *pitiful that it is*, has been with great ingenuity improved by ſome Engliſh Authors, from a *deſign*, *no doubt*, *of magnifying their country at the expence of their neighbours.* But tho' that (during hoſtilities between the Scots and Engliſh) might been thought no ignoble piece of emulation, *if its real injuſtice had not exceeded the imaginary honour of it*; yet after the virtual and reciprocal *naturalization* of both nations, by the natural deſcent of the Crown of England upon the King of *Scottand*, and after the ſubſequent incorporation of both Kingdoms by the *Treaty of Union*, whereby both nations became ſubjects of the ſame Sovereign, and ſervants to the ſame maſter, and by the *nature of monarchy*, as well as of an *incorporating Union*, they fall to be conſidered *as children of the ſame family*; it is therefore to be thought, that the penns of the learned might be much better employed, than in reviving any of thoſe *old diſputes*, which in direct violation of all the ſaid *mutual ties of Nature*, *Compact*, *and Law*, ſeem to have, at leaſt, ſome remote *tendency* (as glanceing at the honour of one part of the united Kingdom) *to ſet a nation of friends by the ears.*

And therefore upon the whole, it is to be hoped, that what has been ſaid in favour of the *Scots* (*being merely defenſive*) will be thought no leſs excuſable, than thoſe dayly Encomiums inſtilled into our ears by Engliſhmen, concerning their *Laws*, their *Liberties*, and their *Country*; and yet none of theſe are, in truth, ſo extraordinary as the *real Generoſity*, and *perſonal Worth* of ſome of its *Natives.* I am, Gentlemen,

Your humble ſervant,
CALEDON.

ERRATA in our laſt, Pag. 1. Col. 2. l. 8. from the bottom, read *that a man*; Col. 3. l. 11. from the bottom, read *ipſe dixit.*

Since our laſt, we have received a *Letter* from PUBLICOLA, and a Copy of Verſes intitled a *Rhapſody.*

FOREIGN NEWS.

THURSDAY, *Apr.* 29. Letters from Cadiz of the 17th Inſt. N. S. confirm the account of the Spaniards having a deſign to ſend Galleons this year to Portobello; but, by giving them another name, to exclude the South-ſea company ſending an annual ſhip there. This fleet is to be called the Armadillo. *DJ.* — *It ought* to be called The Bamboozillo.

FRIDAY, *Apr.* 30. They write from Paris, that 'twas his Pruſſian Majeſty himſelf who diſcovered the footman who robbed and murdered his maſter, pickled him, and headed him up in a barrel. His Majeſty being at a review, and remarking a fellow to loiter amongſt his ſoldiers with a terrible hanging look, the deſcription ſent to all parts came full in his mind; and upon ſending to queſtion the fellow, his ſurprize betray'd him. *DA.*

SATURDAY, *May* 1. There are letters in Town from Lisbon, which adviſe, that his Portugueſe Majeſty had ordered all his troops to the frontiers of Spain; and that recruits are raiſing with the utmoſt expedition, his Portugueſe Majeſty being apprehenſive of an unkind viſit from the Spaniards. *DJ.*

Hague, *May* 2. Mynheer Adrian Hallingh, ancient burgher-maſter of Dort; Mynheer Frederic Bogaart, antient burgo maſter of Delft; and Mynheer Daniel Baart, antient burgo-maſter of Alkmaar, &c. *DP.* —— *Theſe three* ancient burgomaſters *owe this venerable title to the* Engliſh Tranſlator.

Yeſterday Bank Stock was 147 1 half a 3 4ths. India 174 1 half a 3 4ths. S. S. Trading Stock 97 5 8ths a 3 4ths a 5 8ths. Old Annuities 110 a 3 8ths, a 1 half. New Annuities 110 1 4th a 5 8ths a 3 4ths. Three per Cent. Annuity 104 a 1 8th. Million Bank 114. African 14. Royal Aſſurance 108. London Aſſurance 14 a 1 8th. New Bank Circulation 7 1 Prem. South Sea Bonds 5 l. 17 s. a 18 s. Prem. India ditto 6 l. 5 s. a 6 s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 5 l. 7 s. Prem. Engliſh Copper 2 l. 3 s. Welſh ditto, no Price. Salt Tallies 4 a 5 3 4ths Prem. Emperor's Loan 116 a 1 8th.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

This Day is publiſh'd,

I G N O R A M I
L A M E N T A T I O
SUPER
L E G I S C O M M U N I S
Tranſlationem
Ex LATINO in ANGLIGUM,
Una cum Dedicatione ad *Dulmannum* & Præfatione ad Curteſium Lectorem.
Cui Adjicitur,
INDEX EXPOSITORIUS locupletiſſimus Voces Communis Legis Angliæ in hoc Opere uſitatas Exponens & Explanans.
Vendit hunc Librum GILLIVERUS,
Cujus INSIGNE eſt HOMERUS.

This Day is publiſh'd,

The SECOND EDITION,

With large Additions and Emendations,

A New GERMAN GRAMMAR; whereby an Engliſhman may eaſily attain to the Knowledge of the German Language; eſpecially uſeful for Merchants and Travellers. To which are added, ſeveral uſeful and familiar Dialogues. By Benedictus Beiler.

Printed for John Brotherton next Tom's Coffee-houſe in Cornhill; and J. Jackſon in Pall-Mall near St. James's.

This Day is Publiſh'd,

Jack in the Lanthorn, a Flying Inſect.

A Deſcription of a great Variety of Animals and Vegetables, viz. Beaſts, Birds, Fiſhes, Inſects, Plants, Fruits and Flowers; extracted from the moſt conſiderable Writers of Natural Hiſtory, and adapted to the uſe of all Capacities, eſpecially for the Entertainment of Youth. Being a Supplement to a Deſcription of three hundred Animals. Illuſtrated with above 90 Copper Plates, whereon is curiouſly engraven every Animal and Vegetable deſcribed in the whole Book.

To which is added,

Natural and philoſophical Conjectures on the Ignis Fatuus, or Jack in the Lanthorn; endeavouring to prove, that the Light ſo call'd, proceeds from ſome Flying Inſect, and not from a Fired Vapour, as generally believ'd; with a Deſcription and curious Figure of the Indian Lanthorn Fly, a Nocturnal Inſect, which carries a Light in dark Nights equal to that of our Will with a Whiſp.

Printed for T. Boreman, near Child's Coffee-houſe in St. Paul's Church yard. Price bound 3 s.

On Saturday, April 17, *was publiſh'd,*

(Price Six-pence,)

Numb. I. *of*

THE Continuation of M. De RAPIN THOYRAS's Hiſtory of ENGLAND,

By N. TINDAL, M. A.
Vicar of Great Waltham in Eſſex.

Containing part of the Introduction, or the Riſe and Progreſs of the ſeveral parties in England, at the Time of the Revolution, in a Review of the Reigns of James I. Carles I. Charles II. James II.

With a Map of all the Engliſh Dominions.

Printed for James, John, and Paul Knapton, at the Crown in Ludgate-ſtreet.

This Day is publiſh'd,

THESAURUS Linguæ Latinæ Compendiarius: Or, a compendious Dictionary of the Latin Tongue, deſigned for the uſe of the Britiſh Nations: In three parts,

Containing,

I. The Engliſh appellative Words and Forms of Expreſſion before the Latin; in which will be found ſome thouſand Engliſh Words and Phraſes, ſeveral various Senſes of the ſame Word, and a great Number of proverbial Expreſſions, more than in any former Dictionary of this Kind, all carefully endeavoured to be rendered in proper and claſſical Latin.

To which are ſubjoined,

1. The proper Names of the more remarkable Places rendered into Latin.

2. The Chriſtian Names of Men and Women.

II. The Latin Appellatives before the Engliſh; in which are given the more certain Etymologies of the Latin Words, their various Senſes in Engliſh ranged in their natural Order, the principal Idioms under each Senſe explained and accounted for, all ſupported by the beſt Authorities of the Roman Writers; with References to the particular Book, Chapter or Verſe, where the Citations may be found.

III. The antient Latin Names of the more remarkable perſons and places occurring in claſſic Authors, with a ſhort Account of them both Hiſtorical and Mythological; and the more modern Names of the ſame places, ſo far as they are known, collected from the moſt approved Writers.

To which are added,

1. The Roman Kalender, much fuller than any yet publiſhed.

2. Their Coins, Weights, and Meaſures.

3. A Chronology of the Roman Kings, Conſuls, and more remarkable Events of that State.

4. The Notes of Abbreviation uſed in antient Latin Authors and Inſcriptions.

5. A ſhort Dictionary of the more common Latin Words occurring in our antient Laws.

By ROBERT AINSWORTH.

Printed for J. J. and P. Knapton, R. Knaplock, D. Midwinter, A. Bettesworth and C. Hitch, W. Mount and T. Page, B. Sprint, W. Innys and R. *Manby*, J. Pemberton, R. Robinſon, C. Rivinton, A. Ward, T. Longman, J. Clarke in Ducklane, R. Hett, J. Pote, J. and R. Tonſon, and the Executor of Mr. J. Darby.

This Day is publiſh'd,

By the Author of the Gentleman Inſtructed,

MORAL REFLECTIONS on ſelect Paſſages of the Epiſtles and Goſpels for Sundays throughout the Year, in which are Diſcourſes for *Affliction*, Anger, Calumnies, the Behaviour of Chriſtians in all Nations, Chriſtian Liberty, and Perfection, Brotherly Correction; of the Elect of GOD, and his Divine Attributes; of Death, of the Devil, Drunkenneſs, Diſputes, our Enemies, Envy, Faith; on the Fleſh; Fornication, Divine Grace; on Heaven, Honeſty, Humility, Hypocriſy; on Idleneſs, Impiety, Impurity, the Day of Judgment; on Life, the Judgment of GOD; on Lying, Lent, the Love of our Neighbours; on Man's Marriage, Modeſty, Mortification, Maſters and Servants, our Parents, the Poor, Raillery, Pride, Prayer, Riches, our Paſſions, Chriſtian Prudence, Redemption, Repentance, our Saviour and his Paſſion, Scurrilous Jeſting, Suſpicions, Temptations, Sin, the Tongue, vain Glory, Vertue, the Word of GOD, the World, &c.

Printed for W. Bickerton, at Lord Bacon's Head, without Temple bar.

May 1. *will be publiſh'd, as uſual, from St.* John's Gate.

Neatly ſtitch'd in blue Covers, and printed on a larger Character,

(Price Six-Pence.)

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE: For April, 1736.

Containing a Variety of Original Poems, Letters, and learned Diſſertations, with the Hiſtory and Diſputes of the Month. Particularly the Concluſion of the Treatiſe on the Doctrine of Abſtinence from Blood; Arguments againſt A. P's new Verſion of the Old Teſtament, with his Defence; fierce Oppoſition to certain Tythes in Ireland, &c. &c.

By Sylvanus Urban, Gent.

Printed by E. Cave at S. John's Gate, where may be had the *Gentleman's Magazine Extraordinary*, containing the Poems for the 50 l. Prize.

This Day is publiſh'd,

(Price One Shilling,)

AN ADDRESS to the Right Worſhipful the BATCHELORS of GREAT BRITAIN. Containing an Examination of the ſeveral Articles of Impeachment, lately exhibited againſt them, by the Ladies. Together with ſome Reflections on the modern Education of the Fair Sex.

To which is added,

Pretty Miſs's Catechiſm. And a Poem on the Pleaſures of a Single Life; or, the Miſeries of Matrimony.

By an OLD BATCHELOR, Æt. 72.

Printed for A. Antiquity, near Temple Bar; and ſold at the Bookſellers and Pamphlet Shops.

Juſt publiſh'd,

In three Volumes, Twelves,

A Beautiful Edition of

TERENCE's COMEDIES in Latin and Engliſh, the Tranſlation over-againſt the Original, with Critical and Explanatory Notes. The Latin is prepared from the beſt and oldeſt printed Editions, and from ſeveral antient Manuſcripts. The Intent of this Edition is to ſeparate the true from the corrupt Readings, and to make this excellent Author better and more generally underſtood than he has long been.

Vol. I. Contains,

1. Andria, the Andrian. 2. Hecyra, the Stepmother. To which is prefix'd, a Diſſertation on the Life and Writings of Terence, containing an Enquiry into the Riſe and Progreſs of Dramatick Poetry in Greece and Rome, with the Characters of the Greek and Latin Dramatick Poets, and the Difference between Plautus and Terence in their Manner of Writing, with the Reaſons thereof, and Remarks on the Comic Meaſures.

Vol. II. Contains,

3. Heauton Timorumenos, the Self-Tormentor. 4. Eunuchus, the Eunuch.

Vol. III. Contains,

5. Phormio. 6. Adelphi, the Brothers. To which are added, a Table of Sums in Attic Money, with their proportions to Engliſh Money, and the Authorities on which the Table is founded, with an explanatory Index of difficult and uncommon Words and Expreſſions of ſuch as are uſed by Terence different from the common Modes of Speech. The Play are printed in the ſame Order, in which they were wrote and acted.

Printed for Jer. Batley and John Wood, at the Dove in Pater noſter Row; and Tho. Cox, at the Lamb under the Royal Exchange.

This Day is publiſh'd,

Printed on a ſuperfine Paper,

A TRUE ACCOUNT of the Nature, End, and Efficacy of the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper. Of the great Duty of Frequenting, and of the Neceſſity, and Right Method of preparing for the worthy Participation of it.

In which is contained,

An Anſwer to a late Book, entitled, *A plain Account of this Sacrament.*

WITH

A PREFACE, ſhewing the Agreement of this plain Account, with the Notions of the Socinians, and its Diſagreement with the Doctrine of the Church of England.

Decum brevius, & forte rudius, ſed apertius Sacramentum ſine Salutis Promiſſione eſſe nunquam poteſt——

Calv. Inſtit. lib. iv. c. 7.

By THOMAS BOWYER,
Vicar of Martock in Somerſetſhire.

Printed for C. Rivington, at the Bible and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard; and J. Leake Bookſeller in Bath.

This Day is publiſh'd,

The SECOND EDITION,

With large Additions and Emendations,

A New GERMAN GRAMMAR; whereby an Engliſhman may eaſily attain to the Knowledge of the German Language; eſpecially uſeful for Merchants and Travellers. To which are added, ſeveral uſeful and familiar Dialogues. By Benedictus Beiler.

Printed for John Brotherton next Tom's Coffee-houſe in Cornhill; and J. Jackſon in Pall-Mall near St. James's.

Dr. NEWMAN's *Famous Anti-Venereal Pill.*

WHICH, to the Surprize of all that take it, cures all Degrees of the Venereal Diſeaſe; it ſpeedily removes pains in the Head, Arms, or Legs, takes away the Running, Cordee, Heat of Urine, Soreneſs, and Inflammation of the parts: or any old Gleets, tho' of many Years ſtanding. It perfectly cures without hindrance of Buſineſs, or Confinement one Hour; nay, if you have Nodes, umified Teſticles, Pockey Warts, Buboes, Shankers, Phymoſes, Paraphymoſes, Ulcers in the Mouth, Noſe, Throat, or Palate: Or if you are broke out in Scabs, and Blotches, from Head to Foot, in a ſhort Time you will be well, two or three being ſufficient when the Diſtemper is gentle, or freſh contracted; but if it has been long on the patient, or in the Blood, a few more is required for a Cure; there is but one in a Doſe, no bigger than a ſmall Pea, having neither Taſte, or Smell, and are ſold at ſo eaſy a price, as only two Shillings each. They are likewiſe put up in Boxes of half a Guinea and a Guinea price, being ſufficient in the worſt of caſes. Where may be had, ready to be delivered to any Meſſenger, the only Medicine in the World for all Seminal Weakneſſes, from Falls, Blows, Wrenches, Strains, hard Labours, *Miſcarriages*, Fluor Albus in Women, the Remains of Mercury unskillfully prepar'd, foul ſettling in the urine, old Gleets, Reliets of the Venereal Diſeaſe; or Damage by Self-pollution, a Dripping of Matter, pain in the Back, or often Occaſion to make Water, Weakneſs of the Veſſels after any former Cure at 5 s. the Vial: It ought to be taken after every Cure, to ſtrengthen the Body after the phyſick. Note, Theſe Drops and Pills will be readily ſent by the poſt to any part of England, if you ſend your Money in a Letter by the Stage-coaches.

I likewiſe have Chimical Water that cures the Itch and all Itchy Breakings out.

I have an Electuary which cures Colds, Coughs, Shortneſs of Breath, Aſtma's, Conſumptions, reſtores loſt Appetites, purifies the Blood. It is an infallible Remedy for the Gravel, and Stone, at One Shilling, Half Crown, Crown, and Half a Guinea the Gallipot, with Directions. I have a Powder that gives immediate Eaſe in wet or dry Gripes, and is ſo ſafe to take, that it may be given to a Child in the Month, at one Shilling the Paper.

Attendance is given every Day, by the Author, a graduate phyſician, at his Houſe at the Blue-Ball in Hand-court, Imoſt over-againſt Great Turn Stile Holbourn.

Advice GRATIS.

LONDON: Printed by J. HUGGONSON, near *Sergeants-Inn* in *Chancery-Lane*, and ſold by J. ROBERTS, near the *Oxford Arms* in *Warwick-Lane*; where Letters and Advertiſements are taken in; as alſo by Capt. GULLIVER, near the *Temple*; and at the *Rainbow* Coffee-Houſe in *Cornhill*.